# **An Islamic Perspective of Leadership**

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#### **Abstract**

The point of this paper was Leadership is a much investigated subject in the western/contemporary school. From alluring, value-based, transformational, and worker administration speculations, which were the most broadly talked about, the center has now moved to the moral and good element of leadership.1– 3 Hunt and Conger affirm that the scope of new authority originations is very abroad. In the western/contemporary school of thought, authority is enthusiastic about the agenda.In expansion to administration standards developing and hailed by best partnerships.

Keywords: Leadership, Ethics, Islamic Perspective.

### 1. Introduction

There are a wide assortment of hypothetical builds around the idea, which for the most part start by a dialog on quality authority, which is characterized as an arrangement of properties people depict as inalienable attributes; some additionally incorporate physical components and different attributes as a major aspect of the talk on characteristic hypothesis of administration. By and by, there is another view on leader—ship that distinguishes it as a procedure that includes communication among pioneers and supporters. This viewpoint makes authority a scholarly conduct.

From the Islamic point of view, the administration topic is given substan—tial centrality. We will draw proof of administration from the Holy Quran and the life of the sacred prophet (pbuh), and the Islamic writing accessible as clarified in a before part of the content. In the life of the sacred prophet (pbuh), Muslims have an exhaustive good example. The Quran likewise confirms this announcement and states that he is the best of pioneers as indicated by the accompanying refrain:

For you the life of the Prophet is a good model of behavior. (Quran 33: 21)

Without a doubt, to understand Islamic initiative, I will there—fore notwithstanding the stanzas of the Holy Quran, be using activities from the life of Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) and his buddies who offer astounding authority models. In particular, I will use the compila—tion titled "Pinnacle of Eloquence"— an English interpretation of the book titled Nahjul-Balagha containing the lessons, letters, and conventions as cited by Holy Ali (A.S.6) who was a nearby friend of the heavenly prophet (S.A.W.) and the fourth noble caliph. Moghaddam and Gholamzadeh7 express the noteworthiness of the content by saying, "Nahjul-Balagha is like a precious

direct in the humanities' hands that delineate the look of an ideal human and a worthy society in the majority of its parts which portray the draw of four seasons as a wonderful painting."

#### 2. Data Analysis

The extent of initiative has been examined from numerous viewpoints, for example, culture, circumstance, other worldliness, and religious administration. It isn't exceptional to discover contemplates on authority dependent on moral, Christianity, Judaism, and Islamic viewpoints. In an intriguing article in a main diary on authority, the focal proposition was that in every one of the major religious conventions of the world, there indicate a typical underlying numerous dimension philosophy of otherworldly administration, which can be, and is connected in hierarchical settings.

From the Islamic point of view, the initiative topic is given substan-tial essentialness. We will draw proof of initiative from the Holy Quran and the life of the blessed prophet (pbuh), and the Islamic writing.

I start to investigate for you the authority standards from the life of the blessed prophet (pbuh) utilizing a section from the third part in the heavenly book, where Allah (SWT) articulates:

It is by the mercy of Allah that you (the Prophet) were lenient to them, for if you had been harsh and hard-hearted, they surely would have left your company. Therefore pardon them and implore Allah to forgive them. And hold consultations with them in regard to the conduct of affairs. Once you are resolved, put your trust in Allah. Allah likes those who put their trust in Him. (Quran 3: 159)

Analyzing the verse above, holy prophet (pbuh) is realized to be an approachable and forgiving leader; a thoughtful and tolerant leader who had the utmost concern for his companions as he seeks forgiveness for them. And analyzing the verse above, there is clarity on the fact that Allah (SWT) desires to see a leader who gives importance to his companions and holds consultations with them.

One of his sayings, again emphasizing that knowledge has no boundaries—he specifically said:

Wherever you find a useful piece of knowledge, acquire it. It does not matter if you find it with a disbeliever or a hypocrite.

What should be comprehended now is that humane pioneers don't simply mean kind pioneers. It is tied in with satisfying the duty set on their shoulders. His own technique for spreading his message and lecturing was delicate and warm, not extreme and serious. He filled his partner with expectation and ceased from just frightening them off. To the appointees who he would send to far-flung zones to lecture and pass on his message, he would explicitly give directions, for example,

Be pleasant and do not be harsh. Tell the people what may please them and do not make them disgusted.

The holy prophet (pbuh) addressed all issues striking the right balance, applying his power positively with passion. Surely it was his farsightedness, compassion, and visionary leadership that helped Muslims develop their strength and base speedily.

True charisma from the Islamic perspective is in one's conduct. It is quoted from verse 33 of the Holy Quran:

Most certainly, you (people) have in the messenger of Allah an excellent pattern (of behavior). (Quran 33: 21)

#### 3. Conclusion

Positively the proposal for a pioneer is to lead the general population with something past self. The Islamic initiative isn't about the pioneer's voracity, inner self, or haughtiness—it's tied in with indicating care for your subordinates. This clarification is very like the idea of empathetic pioneers as accumulated from the life of the heavenly prophet (pbuh); the additional descrip—tion is the social part of a pioneer, which ought not be merciless and heartless. As Imam Ali clarifies, don't detract from your fol—lowers/laborers what is theirs. This is the nature of a monster; it seizes and grabs what has a place with others. The Imam has contrasted this with a bar—baric demonstration, which means the pioneer ought not to be uncultured, insensible, and unfeeling. The Islamic pioneer should show mankind esteems. The reason that the Imam clarifies a pioneer should show empathy is given beneath (in spite of the fact that the Imam has utilized "subjects of state," we are summing up this to the basic man, since after all it alludes to humankind). Imam Ali stated:

Keep in mind that the subjects of the state are of two classes. They are either your brethren in religion or your brethren in kind. They are liable to ailments and at risk to submit botches. Some to be sure do submit botches. Be that as it may, pardon them even as you might want God to excuse you. Remember that you are set over them, even as I am set over you. And after that there is God even above him who has given you the situation of a Governor all together that you may take care of those under you and to be adequate unto them. Furthermore, you will be made a decision by what you improve the situation them.

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