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Cyclization of Multi Components Reactions and (Preparation, Investigation, Thermal Curves)

Nagham Mahmood Aljamali¹, Nour Abd Alrazzak Abd Allattif² & Sabreen Ali Abdalrahman³

Correspondence: Dr. Nagham Mahmood Aljamali. Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Education for Girls, Kufa University, Iraq. Email: Dr.Nagham mj@yahoo.com

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Abstract

Many cyclic compounds were formatted via multi components reactions and cyclization reaction through many steps with (various conditions, various starting materials, various components), in first step, aromatic amine derivative were reacted with ammonium thiocyanate in cyclization reaction to yield 2-aminobenzothiazole derivative, which reacted with formaldehyde and benzaldehyde as a multi components reaction ., then the resulting compounds cyclized with (semicarbazide, ortho-phenyl diamine, ortho-thiol aniline, ortho-amino phenol). Investigation of compounds carried out through many techniques (FT.IR, H.NMR, Mass) – Spectra, Thermal studies

Keywords: Multi Components, Cyclization, Heterocyclic, Oxadiazole, Imidazole, Thiazole, Oxazole.

Introduction

A heterocyclic compounds are a cyclic compound which have at least two different elements or more as members of its structure. Heterocyclic chemistry is the branch of synthetic chemistry dealing with the preparation $^{(1-3)}$, characterization ,uses $^{(4-6)}$, applications $^{(7-9)}$ of these compounds that include all of the nucleic acids, drugs, cellulose and many natural and industrial dyes $^{(10-12)}$.

¹Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Education for Girls, Kufa University, Iraq

²Department of Chemistry, College of Science for Women, University of Babylon, Iraq

³B.Sc in Chemistry, Kufa University, Iraq

Fig.(1): Heterocycle compounds as a drugs

Heterocyclic derivatives have a wide range of uses (13-15) and applications (16-19) in pharmaceutical chemistry (20-²⁴⁾, which involved many (25-28) of the biochemical material essential to bio-molecules like vitamins, nucleic acids, the chemical materials (29-31) that carry the genetic information controlling inheritance, include a long chains of heterocyclic units held together by other types (32-36) of substances. Many naturally occurring dyes, pigments, vitamins, and antibiotics are heterocyclic compounds (37-40).

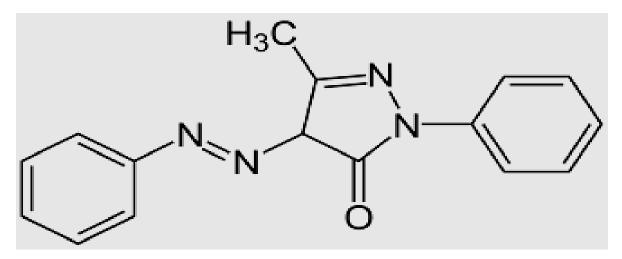


Fig.(2): Heterocyclic compound as a dye

Experimental Part

All compounds were investigation through: FT-IR spectra (FT-IR 8300 Shimadzu) in the range (400-4000) cm⁻¹ asKBr discs., 1H.NMR- Spectra in DMSO-solvent., Mass spectra, thermal studying, solubility test, physical properties:

Procedures

Synthesis of Compounds $\{1, 2\}$

p-Amino benzoic acid (0.1mole) reacted with ammonium thiocyanate (0.1mole) with (7 ml) of (Br₂) drop by drop with (5ml) of glacial acetic acid with rotation for (3hrs) at (10 C°)according to literatures (21,23), the resulting compound (0.2 mole) reacted with (0.1 m0le) of formaldehyde with rotation for (4 hrs) in acid medium (3 ml) (HCl or H₂SO₄) to give compound { 1 }, which dissolved in (5 % NaOH) solution then reacted with furfural at room temperature and rotation for (5 hrs), then filtered, dried and re crystallized from ethanol to yield compound $\{2\}$.

Scheme.1: Synthesis of Compounds { 1, 2}

Synthesis of Compounds { 3-5}:

Compound $\{2\}(0.01 \text{ mole})$ refluxed with ethanol and (3 ml) (H_2SO_4) for (2 hrs) to give compound $\{3\}$ as ester, which (0.1 mole) refluxed with (0.2 mole) of 2-aminothiazole for (2 hrs) in ethanol as a solvent, then filtered, dried and re crystallized from ethanol to yield compound { 4 }., while compound { 2} (0.1 mole) refluxed with (0.2 mole) of 2-mercaptothiazole for (3 hrs) in ethanol as a solvent according to procedures $^{(38, 40)}$, then filtered, dried and re crystallized from ethanol to yield compound { 5 }

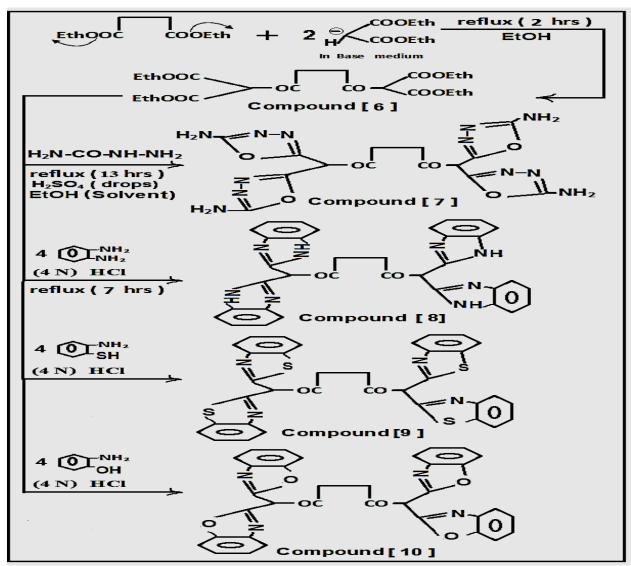
Scheme.2: Synthesis of Compounds { 3 - 5}

Synthesis of Compounds { 6, 7 }:

Diethyl malonate (0.2 mole) dissolved in base medium then refluxed with (0.1 mole) of diethylsuccinatewith ethanol for (2 hrs) to give compound {6} as ester, which (0.1 mole) refluxed with (0.2 mole) of semicarbazide for (13 hrs) in ethanol as a solvent and (3 ml of H₂SO₄) according to procedures^(21, 23), then filtered, dried and re crystallized from ethanol to yield compound { 7 }.

Synthesis of Compounds { 8 - 10 }:

Compound { 6} (0.1 mole) refluxed with (0.4mole) of ortho-phenyl diamine for (7hrs) with (4 N of HCl), then filtered, dried and re crystallized from ethanol to yield compound { 8 }., while compound { 6} (0.1 mole) refluxed with (0.4 mole) of ortho-thiol aniline for (9 hrs) with (4 N of HCl), then filtered, dried and re crystallized from ethanol to yield compound { 9 }.,compound { 6} (0.1 mole) refluxed with (0.4 mole) of orthohydroxy aniline for (9hrs) with (4 N of HCl) according to procedures (21, 23), then filtered, dried and re crystallized from ethanol to yield compound { 10 }.,



Scheme.3: Synthesis of Compounds { 6-10}

Results and Discussion

Our compounds characterized with many spectral methods like (FT.IR ,H.NMR ,Mass) spectra and with thermal studies:

Spectral Investigation

FT.IR- Spectra of Compounds: It appeared many absorption bands appeared at (C=N) Endocycle: 1641., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 734., (-CO-O-) carbonyl of carboxyl group: 1719., (NH)Amine group: 3270., (OH) hydroxyl of carboxyl group: 3120 in compound { 1}, while other bands appeared at (C=N) Endocycle: 1649.. (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 728.. (-CO-O-) carbonyl of carboxyl group: 1714.. (NH)Amine group :3276 ..(OH) hydroxyl of carboxyl group: 3135 ., (CH=C): 3100in compound {2} ., other bands appeared at (C=N) Endocycle: 1650., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 717., (-CO-O-) carbonyl of ester group: 1722., (NH)Amine group :3262 ., (CH=C): 3097in compound { 3 }., but compound {4} appeared bands at (C=N) Endocycle: 1643., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 729., (NH)Amine group: 3273., (CH=C): 3096., (-NH-CO) amine of amide: 3204., (CO-N) carbonyl of amide: 1689., while compound { 5} gave bands at (C=N) Endocycle: 1637., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 711., (NH)Amine group: 3264., (CH=C): 3104., (CO-S) carbonyl: 1694 ., other bands at (-CO-O-) carbonyl of ester group: 1724 .,(-CO-CH₂-) carbonyl of ketone: 1708., (CH-) aliphatic: 2967 in compound [6], the spectrum of compound [7] appeared bands at (-CO-CH₂-) carbonyl of ketone: 1713., (CH-) aliphatic: 2985., (NH₂) amine group: (3245, 3266).,(C=N) Endocycle of oxadiazole: 1663., but bands at (-CO-CH₂-) carbonyl of ketone: 1711., (CH-) aliphatic: 2918., (NH) amine : 3210 ..(C=N) Endocycle of imidazole: 1656 due to compound {8} .., while appearance of bands at (-CO-CH₂-) carbonyl of ketone: 1709 .. (CH-) aliphatic: 2923 ..(C=N) Endocycle of thiazole: 1642 .. (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 753 due to compound {9}, the compound {10} gave bands at (-CO-CH₂-) carbonyl of ketone: 1716., (CH-) aliphatic: 2900., (C=N) Endocycle of oxazole: 1642., all bands abstracted in Table (1). Table (1): FT.IR- data (cm⁻¹) of Compounds { 1-10 }

Compounds	Other Groups			
{1}	(C=N) Endocycle: 1641., (C-S)endocycle of benzothiazole: 734., (-CO-O-) carbonyl of carboxyl group: 1719., (NH)Amine group: 3270., (OH) hydroxyl of carboxyl group: 3120.			
{2}	(C=N) Endocycle: 1649., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 728., (-CO-O-) carbonyl of carboxyl group: 1714., (NH)Amine group: 3276., (OH) hydroxyl of carboxyl group: 3135., (CH=C): 3100.			
{ 3 }	(C=N) Endocycle: 1650., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 717., (-CO-O-) carbonyl of ester group: 1722., (NH)Amine group: 3262., (CH=C): 3097.			
{4}	(C=N) Endocycle: 1643., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 729., (NH)Amine group: 3273., (CH=C): 3096., (-NH-CO) amine of amide: 3204., (CO-N) carbonyl of amide: 1689.			
{5}	(C=N) Endocycle: 1637., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole: 711., (NH)Amine group: 3264., (CH=C): 3104., (CO-S) carbonyl: 1694.			
{6}	(-CO-O-) carbonyl of ester group: 1724 .,(-CO-CH ₂ -) carbonyl of ketone: 1708 ., (CH-) aliphatic: 2967 .			
{7 }	(-CO-CH ₂ -) carbonyl of ketone : 1713 ., (CH-) aliphatic : 2985 ., (NH ₂) amine group: (3245, 3266) .,(C=N) Endocycle of oxadiazole: 1663.			
{8}	(-CO-CH ₂ -) carbonyl of ketone : 1711 ., (CH-) aliphatic : 2918 ., (NH) amine : 3210 .,(C=N) Endocycle of imidazole: 1656 .			
{9 }	(-CO-CH ₂ -) carbonyl of ketone : 1709 ., (CH-) aliphatic : 2923 .,(C=N) Endocycle of thiazole: 1642 ., (C-S) endocycle of benzothiazole : 753.			
{10}	(-CO-CH ₂ -) carbonyl of ketone : 1716 ., (CH-) aliphatic : 2900 .,(C=N) Endocycle of oxazole: 1642 .			

¹H.NMR- Spectra of Compounds

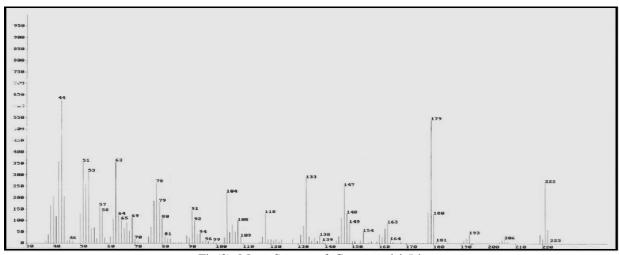
It appeared peaks at 6 DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (N-CH₂-N-) Protons: 1.92 ., (NH-): 5.12 ., Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.84-7.89)., (-COOH)proton of carboxyl group of acid: 13.42 in compound { 1 } ., while it gave signals at(NH-): 5.32., Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.67-7.99)., (-COOH)proton of carboxyl group of acid: 13.26 ., (C=CH): 2.41 in compound { 2 } ., (., (NH-): 5.48 ., Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.84-7.72)., (-COO-Eth)protons of ethyl group: (3.03, 3.27) ., (C=CH): 2.29 in compound { 3} ., (NH-): 5.31 ., Protons of Phenyl ring and heterocycles: (6.96-7.64)., (-CO-NH)proton of amide group: 10.03., (C=CH): 2.10 in compound {4}., (NH-): 5.62 ", Protons of Phenyl ring and heterocycles: (6.75-7.83) ", (C=CH): 2.19 in compound {5} ", (CO-CH₂-

CH₂-CO): (2.00, 2.09, 2.25)., (COOEth): (3.05 – 3.37) in compound { 6}.,(CO-CH₂-CH₂-CO): (2.08, 2.11, 2.19) ., (NH₂): 5.67 in compound { 7} ., (CO-CH₂-CH₂-CO): (2.06, 2.17, 2.29) ., (NH): 5.23 ., Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.96-7.64) in compound $\{8\}$., $(CO-CH_2-CH_2-CO)$: (2.13, 2.18, 2.21) .,Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.80-7.52) in compound { 9} ., (CO-CH₂-CH₂-CO) : (2.09, 2.17, 2.24) ., Protons of Phenyl ring : (6.98-7.87) in compound { 10} which give (CO-CH₂-CH₂-CO): (2.09, 2.17, 2.24) .,Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.98-7.87). evidences for preparation of our compounds., and other peaks abstracted in table (2) Table (2): H.NMR-data (δ - ppm) of Compounds { 1 - 10 }

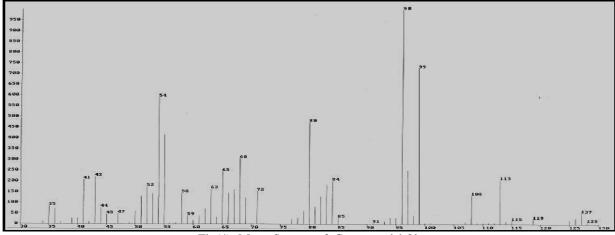
Compounds	Other groups				
{1}	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (N-CH ₂ -N-) Protons: 1.92 ., (NH-): 5.12 ., Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.84-7.89)., (-COOH)proton of carboxyl group of acid: 13.42 .				
{ 2 }	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (NH-): 5.32 ., Protons of Phenyl ring : (6.67-7.99)., (-COOH)proton of carboxyl group of acid : 13.26 ., (C=CH) : 2.41 .				
{3}	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (NH-): 5.48 ., Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.84-7.72)., (-COO-Eth)protons of ethyl group: (3.03, 3.27) ., (C=CH): 2.29.				
{4}	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50., (NH-): 5.31., Protons of Phenyl ring and heterocycles: (6.96-7.64)., (-CO-NH)proton of amide group: 10.03., (C=CH): 2.10.				
{5}	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (NH-): 5.62 ., Protons of Phenyl ring and heterocycles: (6.75-7.83) ., (C=CH): 2.19 .				
{6}	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (CO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CO) : (2.00 , 2.09 , 2.25) ., (COOEth): (3.05 – 3.37).				
{7}	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 .,(CO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CO): (2.08, 2.11, 2.19) ., (NH ₂): 5.67.				
{8}	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (CO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CO) : (2.06 , 2.17 , 2.29) ., (NH) : 5.23 ., Protons of Phenyl ring : (6.96-7.64).				
{9 }	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (CO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CO): (2.13, 2.18, 2.21) ., Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.80-7.52).				
{10}	DMSO-d6(solvent): 2.50 ., (CO-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CO): (2.09, 2.17, 2.24) ., Protons of Phenyl ring: (6.98-7.87).				

The Mass Spectra of Compounds

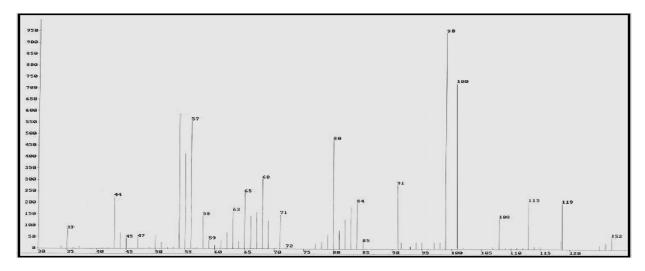
There spectra showed good results for formatted compounds and appeared good evidence for their fragments in figures(3-5):



Fig(3): Mass Spectra of Compound { 5 }



Fig(4): Mass Spectra of Compound { 8}



Fig(5): Mass Spectra of Compound{ 10}

Thermal – Curves of Compounds

The compounds studied through thermal analysis which appeared stability against different temperatures in figures (6-10):

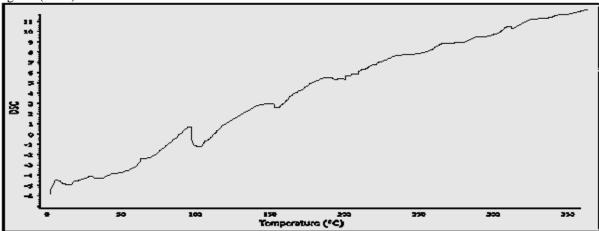
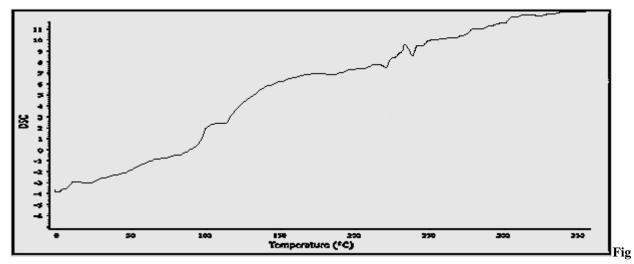


Fig (6): Thermal Curve of Compound {4}



(7): Thermal Curve of Compound{5}

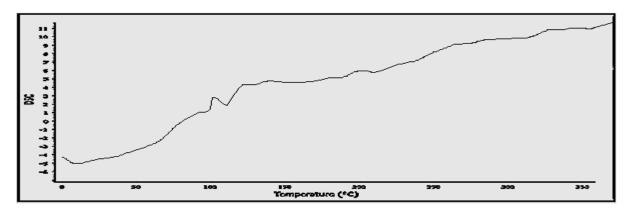
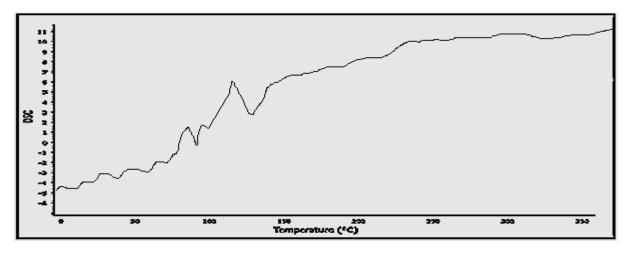
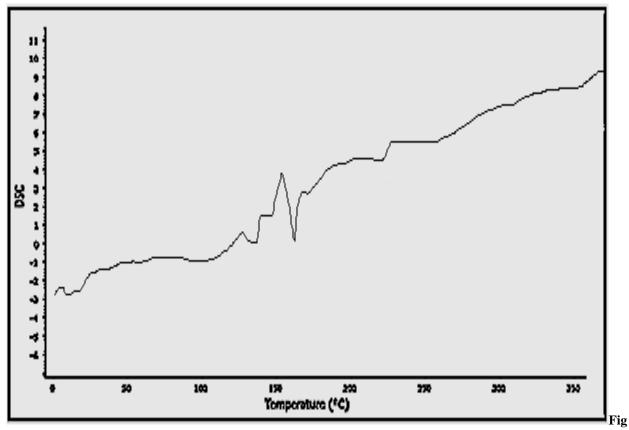


Fig (8): Thermal Curve of Compound {8}



 $Fig\ (9): Thermal\ Curve\ of\ Compound \{9\}$



(10): Thermal Curve of Compound{10}

Solubility of Compounds in Organic Solvents

Test of the solubility of compounds screened with several organic solvents according to (type of solvent, polarity of solvents, activity of functional groups) in compounds, the results abstracted in Table (3).

Table (3): Behavior of compounds in Solvents

Compounds	Solvents						
	C ₂ H ₅ OH	Methanol	Chloroform	Acetone	Benzene	Toluene	
(1)	+	+	-	•	-	-	
(2)	+	+	-	-	-	-	
(3)	+	+	-	-	-	-	
(4)	+	+	-	-	-	-	
(5)	+	+	-	-	-	-	
(6)	+	+	-	-	-	-	
(7)	+	+	-	-	-	-	
(8)	+	+	-	-	-	-	
(9)	+	+	-	-	-	-	
(10)	+	+	-	-	-	-	

Physical and Chemical Properties of Compound $\{1-10\}$

The Results In Table (4) Appeared Properties And Characterization Like: [(R_f) Of TLC-Technique For Following The Reactions ,Type Of Solvent Which Was Used In TLC - Plate , Yield From Reactions %], All Data Are Abstracted In Table (4):

Table(4): Some Physical and Chemical Properties for compounds $\{1-10\}$

Compounds	Yield %	$R_{ m f}$	Solvents of (TLC)
			(1:2)
(1)	72	0.4	Ethanol : Benzene
(2)	70	0.70	Ethanol : Benzene
(3)	64	0.70	Ethanol : Benzene
(4)	78	0.70	Ethanol : Benzene
(5)	74	0.68	Ethanol : Benzene
(6)	68	0.66	Ethanol : Benzene
(7)	70	0.70	Ethanol : Benzene
(8)	74	0.62	Ethanol : Benzene
(9)	72	068	Ethanol : Benzene
(10)	76	0.64	Ethanol : Benzene

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